* Utilizeasubquerytofindcustomerswhohaveplacedordersabovetheaverageorder value, and write a UNION query to combine two SELECT statements with the same number of columns.

# SubquerytoFindCustomersWhoHavePlacedOrdersAbovetheAverageOrderValue

SELECTcustomer\_id,customer\_name FROM customers

WHEREcustomer\_idIN( SELECT customer\_id FROM orders

GROUP BY customer\_id HAVINGAVG(order\_value)>(

SELECTAVG(order\_value) FROM orders

)

);

# UNIONQuerytoCombineTwoSELECTStatements

- *Customerswithordersabovetheaverageordervalue*

SELECTcustomer\_id,customer\_name FROM customers

WHEREcustomer\_idIN( SELECT customer\_id FROM orders

GROUPBY customer\_id

HAVINGAVG(order\_value)>( SELECT AVG(order\_value) FROM orders

)

) UNION

- *Customerswhohaveplacedanyorder* SELECT customer\_id, customer\_name FROM customers

WHERE customer\_id IN (SELECTDISTINCTcustomer\_id FROM orders

);